Annual Financial Report

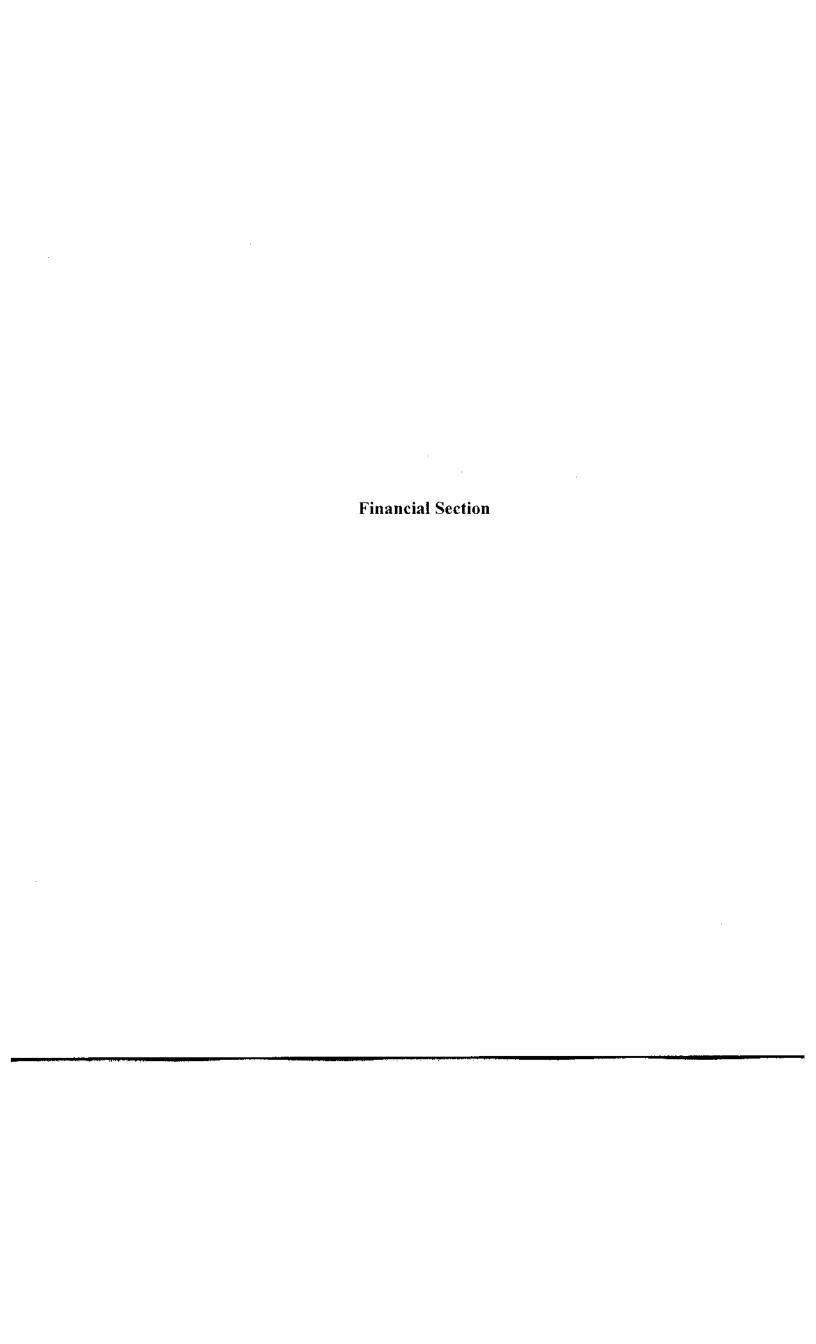
August 31, 2020

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors Nueces River Authority Uvalde, Texas

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Nueces River Authority (the Authority) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.





#### Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the Authority as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, on pages 4 through 10, and the schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget (GAAP) and actual - General Fund on page 42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responsibilities to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

#### **Independent Auditor's Report (Continued)**

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The comparative schedule of revenues and expenditures - General Fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative schedule of revenues and expenditures - General Fund and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements and certain additional procedures; including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements, or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative schedule of revenues and expenditures-General Fund and schedule of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole

The insurance coverage - unaudited schedule has not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2020 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opionion on the erffectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Antonio, Texas December 9, 2020

Hayrie & Company

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2020

This section of the Nueces River Authority's (the Authority) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

#### Government-wide highlights:

**Net position:** The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at August 31, 2020, by \$28,282,257. Of this amount, \$1,508,534 was reported as "unrestricted." Unrestricted net position represents the amount available to be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations.

Changes in net position: The Authority's total net position increased by \$8,320,525 in fiscal year 2020. The increase is primarily attributable to grant revenues received from the Leakey Capital Project Fund.

#### Fund statement highlights:

Fund balance: As of the close of fiscal year 2020, the Authority's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,485,883, a increase of \$317,391 from last year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of four parts, management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Authority.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Authority's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government and report the Authority's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The Governmental Funds statements tell how general governmental services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2020

Government-wide statements: The government-wide statements report information about the Authority as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all governmental activities' assets and liabilities. All current-year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Authority's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the Authority's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Authority's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Authority, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as legislative law changes.

The government-wide financial statements of the Authority include the governmental activities and business-type activities. All of the Authority's basic services are included here.

Fund financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Authority's most significant funds, and not the Authority as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Authority uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by state law.
- Other funds are also established to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show the Authority is properly using certain grants.

Governmental Funds: Most of the Authority's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the Governmental Funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Authority's programs. Because the focus of Governmental Funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for Governmental Funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2020

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds balance sheet and the Governmental Funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between Governmental Funds and the governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each Governmental Funds financial statement.

**Proprietary Fund:** Operating and maintenance expenses for the Leakey wastewater construction are generally reported in the proprietary fund. The proprietary fund, like the government-wide statements, provides both long-term and short-term financial information.

**Notes to financial statements:** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

**Required supplementary Information:** The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information. This section includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund. It provides detail comparisons of expenditures. Comparisons can be made between the original budget, final budget and actual costs for the year.

**Other supplementary Information:** The required supplementary information section is followed by a section of other supplementary information. This section includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the Proprietary Fund, a comparative schedule of revnues and expenses for the General Fund, and a schedule of unaudited insurance coverage.

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis

**Net position:** As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Authority's combined net position totaled \$28,282,257 at the end of 2020 (see Table A-1)

There is \$27,033,726 of net investment in capital assets. Further, \$1,508,534 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing obligations. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2020

Table A-1 - Net Position Information

	Governmental Activities			_	Busi	ness	-Type Activit	ies	
	2020		2019	% Change		2020	_	2019	% Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 2,315.563	\$	2,633,237	-12%	\$	53,931	\$	160,513	100%
Capital Assets, Net	15,379,224	_	18,830,964	-18%		12,239,957	_		0%
Total Assets	17.694.787		21.464.201			12,293.888	_	160,513	
Current Liabilities	759.473		1,494,982	-49%		-		-	0%
Noncurrent Liabilities	664.346			0%		168.000		168.000	100%
Total Liabilities	1.423.819		1.494.982			168,000	_	168,000	
Deferred Inflows	114,599			0%			_		
Net Position:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,701,766		18.830,964	-22%		12,071,957		•	-100%
Unrestricted	1,454,603		1.138.255	28%		53.931		(7.487)	100%
Total Net Position	\$ 16,156,369	\$	19,969,219		\$	12,125,888	\$ _	(7.487)	

**Changes in net position:** The Authority's net position increased by \$8,320,525, or 112%(see Table A-2). The increase is related primarily to an increase in reimbursed funds for additional construction in progress in the Leakey Capital Project Fund.

Table A-2 – Information About Changes in Net Position

	Gov	nmental Activi	ties	Business-Type Activities						
	2020	_	2019	% Change		2020	_	2019	% Change	
Revenues:										
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 1,033,455	S	918.180	13%	\$	21.238	\$	-	0%	
Operating grants and contributions	188,085		205.578	-9%		-		-	0%	
Capital grants and contributions	8,590,347		3,875.001	122%		-		•	0%	
General Revenues:										
Investment income	31,925		33.012	-3%		-		•	0%	
Other income	5,734		60,503	-91%		242		w	0%	
Total Revenue	9,849,546		5,092.274			21.480		-		
Expenses and transfers	13,662,396		1,167.678	1070%		(12.111,895)	_	7.487	100%	
Change in Net Position	(3,812.850)		3.924,596			12,133,375		(7,487)		
Net Position - Beginning	19,969,219		16.044,623	24%		(7,487)		-	0%	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 16,156.369	\$	19,969,219	-19%	S	12,125,888	\$_	(7,487)	-100%	

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2020

The Authority's total program revenues were \$9,811,887, which is an increase of \$4,813,128 compared to 2019. This increase is due to an increase construction activity at the Leakey Wastewater Facility. Program revenues consisted mainly of \$826,139 in intergovernmental contracted services, \$8,778,432 in grant revenues and \$207,316 in public education programs' contracted services. Charges for service revenues were \$1,033,455, which is an increase of \$115,275 compared to 2019. The increase in capital grants and contributions revenues was the result of increased construction activity related to the Leakey Project, which is federally funded. Approximately 11% of the Authority's program revenues came from charges for services with 2% from operating grants and contributions, and the remaining 88% from capital grants and contributions.

The Authority's expenses (net of transfers of \$12,366,095) totaled \$1,550,501, which is an increase of \$375,336 compared to 2019. The four largest expense line items included salaries, in the amount of \$467,596; public education programs fees in the amount of \$119,669; Senate Bill 1 expenses in the amount of \$198,842 Professional Fees in the amount of \$44,954; Clean Rivers Program expenses, in the amount of \$62,745, and Capital Outlay expenses of \$318,143.

#### Financial Analysis of the Authority's Individual Funds

As noted earlier, the Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the Authority's Governmental Funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the Governmental Funds reported an ending fund balance of \$1,485,883, an increase of \$317,391 in comparison with the prior year.

**Proprietary Fund:** The focus of the Proprietary fund is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources for Leakey wastewater treatment plant operations.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the Proprietary Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$12,125,888, an increase of \$12,133,375 in comparison with the prior year.

General Fund budgetary highlights: Over the course of the year, the Authority revised its General Fund budget. The Authority originally budgeted for a \$36,694 budget surplus, but during the year revised its budget to include a \$131,116 budget surplus. Ultimately, the Authority added \$317,391 to the General Fund fund balance.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2020

**Proprietary Fund budgetary highlights:** Over the course of the year, the Authority revised its Proprietary Fund budget. The Authority originally budgeted for a \$404,803 loss, but during the year revised its budget to include a \$110,592 loss. Ultimately, the Authority added \$12,268,634 to the Proprietary Fund fund balance. The increase reflects the net effect of a \$97,461 loss and a \$12,366,095 transfer from the Capital Improvement Fund.

#### **Capital Assets**

As of August 31, 2020, capital assets approximated 87% of total assets in the governmental activities. The \$15,379,224 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is primarily land and construction in progress.

During the year, the Authority had additions to capital assets of \$8,649,866 relating to the construction in progress and equipment on the Leakey Wastewater Treatment Plant.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016, the Authority received a \$16,547,000 Economically Distressed Areas Program (EDAP) grant from Texas Water Development Board (TWDB Commitment No. G1000461) to fund engineering, construction, and inspections related to its Leakey Regional Wastewater Project. The funds were deposited in an approved escrow account to be released to the Authority at the direction of TWDB's Executive Administrator or an authorized and designated representative. In accordance with Exhibit E of the Escrow Agreement, the deposited funds shall not be considered as a banking deposit by the Authority.

Accordingly, these funds have not been recorded in the financial statements of the Authority.

In fiscal year 2019, the Authority received a grant and loan from the U.S. Department of Agriculture-Rural Development (USDA-RD) to fund Phase I of the hookups of residential properties to its Leakey Regional Wastewater Project. USDA-RD. USDA-RD provided a grant of \$2,072,000 and a loan of \$260,000 on December 13, 2019. The loan will be payable over 40 years at an expected 1.75% interest rate. Payments during the first two years will be interest only. As of August 30, 2020, phase I was was approximately 29.2% complete.

The wastewater treatment plant and the first phase of the collection system were placed into operation on October 1, 2019. The Authority received \$21,480 in Charges for Services and Other Income revenue in fiscal year 2020.

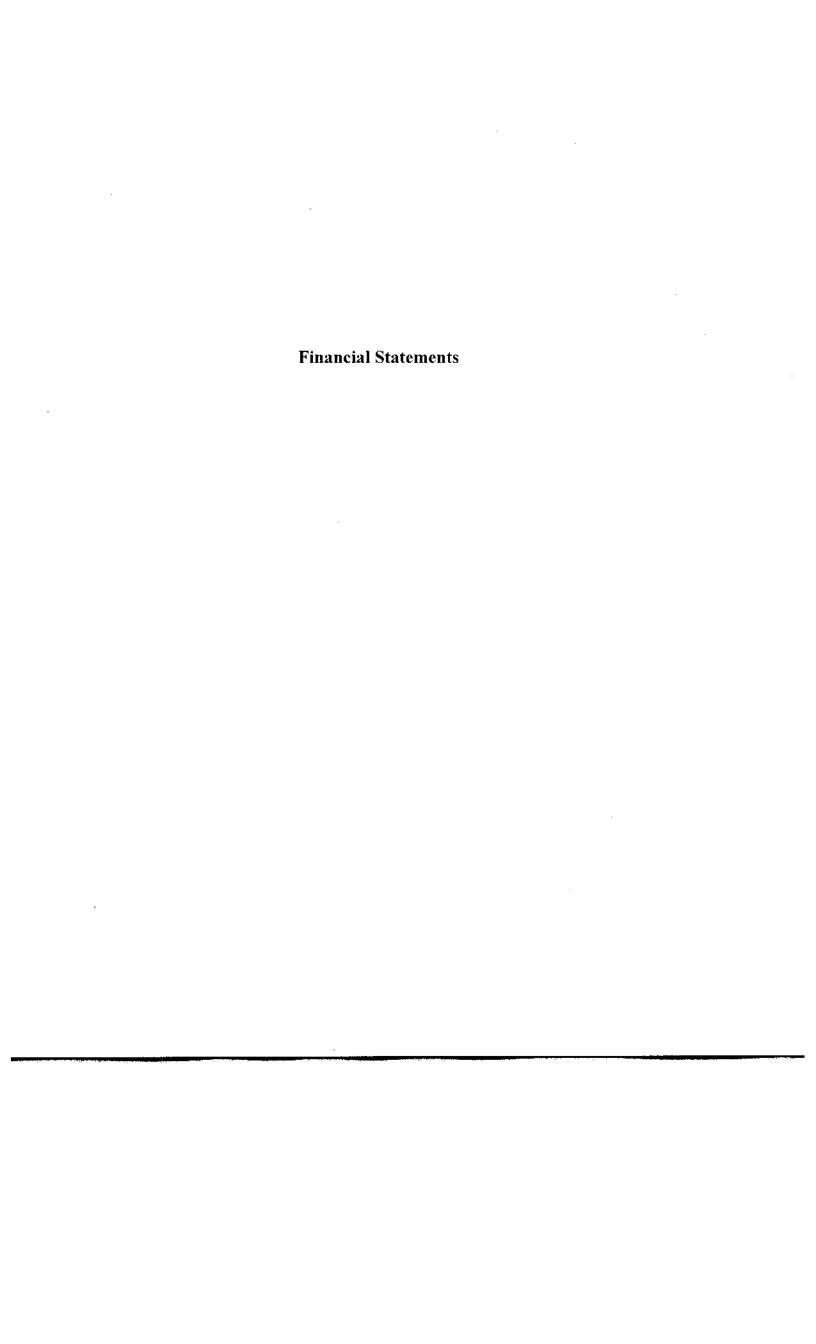
On September 24, 2020, the Authority closed on funding provided by USDA for Phase II of the Residential Hookup Project. USDA provided a grant of \$3,449,300 and a loan of \$359,000. The loan will be payable over 40 years at an expected 1.125% interest rate. The construction began on the Phase II project in September 2020.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2020

Other than the activities described, above, and their associated expenses, there are no other known or anticipated economic factors affecting next year's budget. It is anticipated that revenues and expenses relating to the Authority's Clean Rivers Program and Education and Resource Protection Program will be similar to that experienced in fiscal year 2020.

#### Contacting the Authority's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide the public with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to determine the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information, should be addressed to Ms. Frankie Kruckemeyer, Director of Finance and Staff Services, Nucces River Authority, P. O. Box 349, Uvalde, Texas 78802-0349, telephone: 830-278-6810; fax: 830-278-2025; or email: <a href="mailto:fkruckemeyer@nueces-ra.org">fkruckemeyer@nueces-ra.org</a>.



# Nueces River Authority Statement of Net Position

# August 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 328,191	\$ 5,810	\$ 334.001
Investments	1,008,617	-	1,008,617
Prepaid Expenses	320	-	320
Receivables;			
Contract and Grant	1,011,391	3,013	1,014,404
Accrued Interest	12,152	-	12,152
Internal Balances	(45,108)	45,108	
Total Current Assets	2,315,563	53,931	2,369.494
Capital Assets:			
Land	2,635.551	-	2,635.551
Construction in Progress	12,359,896	12.365,535	24,725,431
Furniture and Equipment	200.862	9.681	210.543
Software	116.551	-	116.551
Building	313,997	-	313,997
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(247,633)	(135,259)	(382,892)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	15.379,224	12,239,957	27.619,181
Total Assets	17,694,787	12,293.888	29,988.675
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	715,081	-	715.081
Bonds Payable, Short-Term Portion	13,112	-	13.112
Accrued Compensated Absences	31,280		31,280
Total Current Liabilities	759.473	-	759,473
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Line of Credit		168,000	168,000
Note Payable	260,000	-	260,000
Bonds Payable, Long-Term Portion	404,346	-	404,346
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	664,346	168,000	832,346
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Unearned Income	114.599	-	114,599
Total Deferred Inflows	114,599		114,599
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14.701,766	12,071,957	26,773,723
Unrestricted	1.454,603	53,931	1,508,534
Total Net Position	16.156.369 \$	12,125.888	28.282.257

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# Nueces River Authority Statement of Activities August 31, 2020

31511065-1 <100	Activities Type  Activities	 		s - \$ 8,515,586		232.962	- \$ = = = \$ = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	- \$ - 5 - 232.962 - 232.962 - 232.962	- \$ 8,3 - 5 8,5 232,962 2 232,962 8,2	232.962 232.962 232.962	- \$ 8,3 232.962 2 232.962 2 232.962 8.2 	- \$ 8,5 - \$ 8,5 - \$ 8,5 232.962 2 232.962 8,2 242 8,2 - 242 12.366,095 12.366,095	- \$ 8,3 - 5 8,3 - 5 8,3 232,962 2 232,962 8,2 - 242 12,366,095 12,366,095 12,366,337 8,3	- \$ 8,3 - 5 8,5 - 5 8,5 232,962 2 232,962 8,2 - 7,487 12,366,395 12,366,337 12,366,337 (7,487) 19,9
	Activities Activ	 	\$ 8,515,586 \$		\$ 8.515.586 S	8.515.586 S	8.515.586 S	8.515.586 S	8.515.586 S 8.515.586 31.925	8.515.586 S - - 8.515.586 31,925 5.734	8.515.586 S 	8.515.586 S 	8.515.586 S 	8.515.586 S
	Contributions		8.590,347 \$	- 1	8.590,347 \$	1			1 1 1 11	1 1 1 11	1 1 11	1 1 11		1 1 1 11
Lifants and	Contributions		188,085 \$	188,085 \$				188.085	188.085	188.085	188.085	188.085	188.085	188.085
C Jarges Tor	Services		1.033,455 \$	1,033,455 \$		21,238		0.1				2	[ ]	)   P
	Expenses	-	\$ 1,296,301 \$	\$ 1,296,301 s		254,200	254,200 254,200	254,200 254,200 5 1,550,501 \$	254,200 254,200  \$ 1.550,501 \$ General Revonues Investment Incom	254,200 254,200 5 1,550,501 \$ General Revenues Investment Income Other Income	254,200 254,200 5 1,550,501 \$ General Revenues Investment Incom Other Income Transfers	254,200 254,200 S 1,550,501 \$ General Revenues Investment Income Other Income Transfers Total General Revenues	254,200 254,200 S 1.550,501 \$ General Revenues Investment Income Other Income Transfers Total General Revenue Change in Net Position	254,200 254,200 S 1,550,501 \$ General Revenues Investment Income Other Income Transfers Total General Revenues Change in Net Position
	Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities Protection and Development of Water		Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental Activities		áness-Type Activities Leakey Wastewater Treatment Plant	siness-Type Activities Leakey Wastewater Treatment Plant at Business-Type Activities	siness-Type Activities Leakey Wastewater Treatment Plant tal Business-Type Activities tal Government	eut Plant		reut Plant	rent Plant	rent Plant	rent Plant

#### **Balance Sheet Governmental Funds** August 31, 2020

		General Fund		Leakey Capital Project Fund		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	S	327.655	\$	536	S	328,191
Investments		1.008,617		-		1,008.617
Prepaid Expenses		320		-		320
Receivables:						
Contract and Grant		127.598		883.793		1.011,391
Accrued Interest		12,152		-		12,152
Due from Other Funds		209.890		10		209,900
Total Current Assets	s <u> </u>	1,686.232	\$	884,339	\$ _	2,570,571
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	S	86.357	\$	628.724	\$	715,081
Due to Other Funds		-		255,008		255,008
Total Liabilities	_	86,357		883,732		970,089
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Unearned Income		113.992		607		114,599
Total Deferred Inflows	_	113,992		607		114,599
FUND BALANCES						
Unassigned		1,485,883		-		1,485,883
Total Fund Balances	_	1,485,883		-		1,485,883
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	s <u> </u>	1,686,232	s	884,339	\$	2,570,571

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. 13

#### Nueces River Authority Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of **Net Position** August 31, 2020

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds balance sheet	1,485,883
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different due to:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are used in government activities, but are not reported in the funds	15,379,224
Payables for accrued compensated absences, which are not due and payable with current period resources, are not reported in the funds.	(31.280)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	(277.450)
Bonds and Notes Payable	 (677.458)
Net Position of Governmental Activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 16,156,369

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance **Governmental Funds** August 31, 2020

	Fund		Leakey Capital Project Fund	Governmental Funds
REVENUES		_		
Contracted Services:				
Intergovernmental \$	826,139	\$	- \$	826,139
Public Education Programs	207,316		-	207,316
Grant Revenues	188,085		8,590,347	8,778,432
Investment Income	31,925		-	31,925
Other Income	5.734	_	<u> </u>	5,734
Total Revenues	1,259,199		8,590,347	9,849,546
EXPENDITURES				
Protection and Preservation of Water Sources:				
Salaries	467,596		-	467,596
Payroll taxes	35,967		-	35,967
Employee medical insurance	60,817		_	60,817
Retirement	32,775		_	32,775
Directors' fees, travel and meetings	3.237		-	3.237
Travel and conferences	12,496			12,496
Professional fees	44,954		_	44,954
SCRWSPG contributions	136		•	136
Edwards Aquifer RIP	1,000		-	1,000
Telephone and fax	10,923		_	10,923
Dues, subscriptions and publications	1,385		_	1,385
Insurance and bonds	1.816			1,816
Equipment and Facilities Rent	45,452		_	45,452
Office supplies and postage and delivery	4,506			4,596
Repairs and maintenance	546			546
Binding and printing	1.036			1,036
Miscellaneous	665		_	665
Clean Rivers Program expenses	62,745		_	62.745
Public education programs	119,669		_	119,669
Senate Bill 1 expenses	198,842		_	198,842
Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board	4,763			4,763
TCEQ OSSF	72,416		_	72.416
Petronilla Creek	24,181		_	24,181
General & Admin Expense	14,954		_	14,954
Regulatory Expenses, Net	250		_	250
Bond Issuance Costs	18,000		_	18,000
Capital Outlay	318,143		8,649,866	8,968,009
Debt Service	510,115		7.017.000	
Principal	542		_	542
Interest	<del>4</del> 77		-	<b>∔7</b> 7
Total Expenditures	1,560,289	-	8.649,866	10,210,155
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(301,090)	-	(59,519)	(360,609)
•	,,		1 ,	,.
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	6.79,000			670 000
Bond and Note Proceeds	678,000		740.000	678,000
Transfers In	200,481		260,000	460,481
Transfers Out	(260,000)		(200,481)	(460,481)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	618,481	-	59,519	678,000
Net Changes in Fund Balances	317,391		-	317,391
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,168,492	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,168,492
Fund Balances - End of Year \$	1,485,883	. \$ =	<u> </u>	1,485,883

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. 15

#### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities August 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances -- total Governmental Funds

317,391

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different due to:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital Outlay 8,968,009
Depreciation Expense (54,214)

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:

Accrued Compensated Absences - Change in Liability (1,043)
Note Payable (260,000)
Bonds Payable (417,458)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (3,812,850)

#### **Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund** August 31, 2020

		Business-Type Activities
ASSETS	_	
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,810
Receivables:		
Contract and Grant		3,013
Due From General Fund	_	45,108
Total Current Assets	_	53,931
Capital Assets:		_
Water Treatment Plant		12,365,535
Furniture and Equipment		9,681
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(135,259)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	_	12,239,957
Total Assets	_	12,293,888
LIABILITIES		
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Notes Payable	_	168,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	168,000
Total Liabilities		168,000
NET POSITION Restricted		_
Unrestricted	_	12,125,888
Total Net Position	S =	12,125,888

# Nueces River Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Proprietary Fund August 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities
REVENUES	
Charge for Services	\$ 21,238
Other Income	242
Total Revenues	21,480
EXPENDITURES	
Protection and Preservation of Water Sources:	
Salaries	47,943
Payroll taxes	4,095
Employee medical insurance	12,544
Travel and conferences	3.690
Professional fees	2.429
Telephone and fax	2.456
Dues, subscriptions and publications	224
Insurance and bonds	2.245
Equipment and facilities rent	12,403
Office supplies and postage and delivery	825
Repairs and maintenance	20,868
Binding and printing	24
Miscellaneous	5,222
General and administrative expense	3,973
Depreciation	135,259
Total Expenditures	254,200
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(232,720)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers In	12,366,095
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	12,366,095
Net Changes in Fund Balances	12,133,375
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	(7,487)
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 12,125,888

#### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund August 31, 2020

	;	Business-Type Activities
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-	Activities
Receipts from Contracted Services	\$	21,238
Payments to Suppliers	4	(56,668)
Payments for Employee Benefits		(64,726)
Miscellaneous Receipts		242
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	<del></del>	(99,914)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Internal Activity - Loans (from) to Other Funds, Net		(45,108)
Net Cash (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities	<del></del>	(45,108)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of Capital Assets and Construction in Progress		(9,681)
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities		(9,681)
Net Decrease In Cash and Cash Equivalents		(154,703)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of the Year		160,513
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of the Year	s	5,810
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	S	(232,720)
Adjustments To Reconcile Operating Income To Net Cash Provided		
(Used) by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense		135,259
Decrease (Increase) Assets:		
Accounts Receivable		(2,453)
Net Cash Used By Operating Activities	\$	(99,914)

#### NON-CASH INVESTING AND CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During 2020, the Authority completed construction of the treatment plant portion of the Leakly Capital Project and transferred \$12,365,535 of costruction-in-progress costs from the Leaky Capital Project Fund to the Utility Fund (a proprietary fund) where the costs are now being depreciated.

#### Nueces River Authority Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2020

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Financial Reporting Entity

Nueces River Authority (the Authority) was created in 1935 as the Nueces River Conservation and Reclamation District (the District). The District's name was changed to Nueces River Authority by the Texas Legislature in 1971. Duties and functions of the Authority are described in Article 8280-115, Texas Water Code Auxiliary Laws, as amended. The Authority has extensive powers in the control, storage, preservation and distribution of the state's water for domestic, municipal and industrial uses; irrigation; mining and recovery of minerals; stock raising; underground water recharge; electric power generation; navigation, recreation and pleasure, and other beneficial uses and purposes within the Nueces River Basin. Currently the Authority's primary function is the protection and preservation of water resources. The Authority's service area includes all or part of 22 South Texas counties, covering nearly 18,000 square miles. The Authority is governed by a board of 21 directors appointed by the Texas governor, with the consent of the state Senate. The directors serve overlapping six-year terms. Management of the Authority is vested in an executive director, who is employed by the Board of Directors (the Board).

The Authority is empowered to issue tax-exempt revenue bonds under the provision of the Clean Air Financing Act (Texas), Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes, Article 4477-52, and the regional Waste Disposal Act (Texas), Vernon's Texas Codes Annotated, Water Code, Chapter 30, for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of air and water pollution control facilities.

The Authority considered the guidelines specified by Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) GASB Codification Section 2100, Defining the Financial Reporting Entity, when determining which entities to include in the accompanying basic financial statements. Under these guidelines, the reporting entity consists of the primary government (all funds of the Authority), organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and any other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion could cause the Authority's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Entities other than the primary government which are included in the primary government's financial statements are called component units. Under the guidelines established by GASB Codification Section 2100, Defining the Financial Reporting Entity, no legally separate organizations met the necessary criteria for inclusion as component units in the basic financial statements.

# Nueces River Authority Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Government-Wide and Proprietary Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Authority as a whole. These statements include all funds of the reporting entity except for Fiduciary Funds. In government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Authority and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those specifically associated with a program or function, and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Authority has certain indirect costs included in the program expenses reported for individual function and activities. Program revenues include charges paid by recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues, such as investment income, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary fund. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are nonoperating.

#### Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements of the Authority are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the Authority.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Authority or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual Governmental or Enterprise Fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual Governmental and Enterprise Fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and business-type activities combined.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Authority are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Authority's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those, if any, which should be accounted for in Proprietary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than on net income determination.

Major Governmental Funds:

- General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Authority. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Leakey Capital Project Fund: The Leakey Capital Project Fund is the capital project fund of the Authority. It is used to account for all financial resources and expenditures related to the construction of the Leakey Wastewater Facility.

#### Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental Funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. For this purpose, the Authority considers all revenues to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for debt service expenditures and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures only when payment is incurred.

#### Net position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities, net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position represents the remaining portion of net position.

#### Revenues

The Authority receives various grant awards for intergovernmental and public education programs. Revenues are recognized upon receipt of the award, if there are no eligibility requirements to be met. If there are eligibility requirements, revenues are not recognized until such requirements are satisfied.

#### Grant revenues

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project, grantors can require the Authority to refund all or part of the unused amount.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets which include land, furniture and equipment and construction in progress are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Assets acquired are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Depreciation of capital assets is charged as an expenditure/expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of the net position. Depreciation is generally recorded on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Asset Description	Asset Life
Furniture and equipment	5 years
Software	3 years

#### **Budgets and budgetary accounting**

The Authority maintains control over revenues and expenditures in the General Fund by establishment of an annual operating budget. The budget, as formally adopted by the board, establishes the maximum authorization for accounts of the General Fund. The executive director may not over expend a budget function by more than 25 percent and may not exceed total budgeted expenditures without approval of the Board. The executive director is allowed to exceed any expenditure in the Authority's budget, other than salaries, if the exceeded amount is reimbursable under approved contracts. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. During the year ended August 31, 2020, expenditures from the General Fund exceeded budget General Fund expenditures by \$275,476. This budget variance occurred as a result of \$318,143 in Capital Outlay expenditures, which were paid for with bond proceeds totaling \$418,000.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

All short-term highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have maturity dates no longer than three months.

#### Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is determined by the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value is an exit price at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant that controls the asset.

The Authority follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, which requires measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair market value using consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. GASB Statement No. 72 superseded GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, paragraph 3, which discusses the fair value of certain investments.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Receivables

The allowance for doubtful accounts is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for bad debts charged to earnings. Losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a receivable is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based on historical experience and specifically identified questionable receivables. The evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. As of August 31, 2020, the allowance for contract receivables was \$0.

#### Unearned income

The Authority receives payments from customers in advance for reimbursable expenses. The balance in unearned income represents these advances.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. This will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### Compensated absences

The Authority allows employees to accumulate vacation leave with certain limitations. Accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources for employees who have terminated their employment as of year-end is reported as an expenditure and a liability of the Governmental Funds that will pay the liability. Amounts of accumulated vacation leave that are not due and payable and, thus, not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources are reported in the governmental activities statement of net position.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Interfund transactions

Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements as transfers in and transfers out.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

#### Fund balance

The Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. Below are the different types of Governmental Fund balances:

**Nonspendable** – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form. The "not in spendable form" criteria includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

**Restricted** – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Legal enforceability means that the Authority can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary, to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes its specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to the fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board and separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. The committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Fund balance (Continued)

**Assigned** – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board, an Authority official delegated that authority by the Board, or by resolution.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other Governmental Funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, the Authority reported only unassigned fund balances.

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, Governmental Fund balance sheet will sometimes report on a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This special financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Authority did not have any items that qualified for reporting in this category at August 31, 2020.

In addition to liabilities, Governmental Fund balance sheet will sometimes report on a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority recorded \$114,599 in uncarned income that qualified for reporting in this category at August 31, 2020.

# Nueces River Authority Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 2. Deposits and Investments

The monetary assets of the Authority are held in various forms and accounts. The assets are described and presented in the basic financial statements in two groups. One group is described as "cash and cash equivalents." This group is characterized as having high liquidity with little market risk and includes cash, checking accounts, money market accounts, and highly liquid accounts held by investment brokers, and bank time deposits with an original maturity of less than three months. The second group of monetary assets is presented in the basic financial statements as "investments."

The Authority's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the Authority's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect Authority funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

#### Cash Deposits

At August 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit [CD's] and interest bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$334,001, and the bank balance was \$347.330. The Authority's cash deposits as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance and/or pledged collateral held by the Authority's agent bank in the Authority's name.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a. Depository; First State Bank of Uvalde; Uvalde, Texas.
- b. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the largest combined balance was \$500,000. It is the opinion of management that solvency of this financial institution is not of particular concern at this time.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### Investments

The Authority is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act (the Act), to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity. (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities and (9) bid solicitation preferences for CDs.

The Act determines the type of investments that are allowable for the Authority. These include, with certain restrictions. (1) obligations of the United States Treasury, certain United States agencies and the state of Texas; (2) CD's; (3) certain municipal securities; (4) money market savings accounts; (5) repurchase agreements; (6) bankers acceptances: (7) mutual funds; (8) investment pools and (9) guaranteed investment contracts.

The calculation of realized gains and losses is independent of the calculation of the net increase in the fair value of investments. Realized gains and losses on investments that had been held in more than one fiscal year and sold in the current year may have been recognized as an increase or decrease in the fair value of investments reported in the prior year.

#### Credit risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an insurer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. However, investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the United States government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. The investment policy restricts investments to securities that are limited to United States Treasury securities, securities issued or guaranteed by the United States government, or general-purpose municipal securities rated "A" or better by a recognized security rating service.

	Investment	Rating		Регеспіаде
Description	Rating	Organization	Fair Value	Invested
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	Moody's	\$ 103,750	14%
Municipal Bonds	$\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda$	Moody's	411,060	55%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporatin	AAA	Moody's	201,892	27%
Government National Mortgage Association	N/A	N/A	31,176	3%
			\$ 747,878	100%

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### Concentration of credit risk

The Authority is required to disclose investments in any one issuer that represent 5 percent or more of total investments. However, investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the United States government and investments of mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement. The investment policy does not specifically address the concentration of credit risk. The Authority's investments exceeding 5 percent are shown in the table above.

#### Interest rate risk

Changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity its fair value is to changes in market interest rates. The Authority's policy is to hold its investments to maturity, which mitigates the effect of interest rate risk. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Authority's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table, which shows the specific investments and their maturity as of August 31, 2020.

Description	Years to Maturity		Fair Value	Percentage
Federal Home Loan Bank	1 - 5 years	S	103,750	14%
Municipal Bonds	2 - 3 years		411,060	55%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporatin	3 - 4 years		201,892	27%
Government National Mortgage Association	More than 4 years		31,176	4%
		\$	747,878	100%

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### GASB Statement No. 72

The Authority follows GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation input used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- · Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, which include quoted prices for similar
  assets in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not
  active; or other observable inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves at commonly quoted
  intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads; or market-corroborated inputs.
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs

The carrying amount of investments and fair value hierarchy of August 31, 2020, is shown below:

		Total	Level 1	 Level 2	Level 3
Assets:					
Debt Securities:					
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$	103,750 \$	-	\$ 103,750 \$	-
Municipal Bonds		411,060		411,060	-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		201.892	-	201,892	-
Government National Mortgage Association		31.176	-	31.176	-
Total Debt Securities	Ş	747.878 \$	-	\$ 747,878 \$	-

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a computerized pricing service utilizing a yield-based matrix system to arrive at an estimated market value. The Authority does not have any Level 1 or Level 3 investments.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 3. Contract Services/ Grants Receivables

The Authority has entered into various contracts to provide services to other governmental entities. All contract service revenues and expenses incurred in fulfilling these contracts are reported in the General Fund. As of August 31, 2020, contract receivables for the General Fund and Leakey Capital Project Fund were \$127,598 and \$883,793, respectively.

#### 4. Interfund Balances and Transfers

All due from and due to other funds balances are expected to be received/paid during the next fiscal year. A summary of the Authority's interfund balances and transfers as of August 31, 2020 are as follows:

		Due From		Due To Other
	_	Other Funds		Funds
Governmental Activities	_			_
General Fund	S	209,890	S	-
Leakey Capital Projects Fund		10		255,008
Business-Type Activities				
Leakey Capital Operations Fund	_	45,108		
Total	\$	255,008	\$	255,008
	_	T	•	T
	_	Transfers In		Transfers Out
Governmental Activities				
General Fund	\$	200,481	S	260.000
Leakey Capital Projects Fund		260,000		12,566,576
Business-Type Activities				
Leakey Capital Operations Fund	_	12,366,095		-
Total	\$_	12,826,576	\$	12,826,576

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made.

Transfers between funds represent cash transfers to provide financial support for the normal operations of the receiving funds.

### Nueces River Authority Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 5. Changes in Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in the Authority's capital assets for the year ended August 31, 2020 is shown below:

Governmental Activities	_	Balance 9/1/2019	Additions	Transfers to Fund 202	Balance 8/31/2020
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated					
Land	S	2,635,551 \$	- \$	- S	2,635,551
Construction in Progress		16,075,565	8,649,866	(12,365,535)	12,359,896
Furniture and Equipment		196.716	4,146	-	200,862
Software		116,551	-	-	116,551
Building		-	313,997	_	313,997
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(193,419)	(54,214)	m	(247,633)
	S	18,830,964 \$	8,913,795 S	(12,365.535) \$	15,379,224
		Balance		Transfers from	Balance
Business-Type Activities		9/1/2019	Additions	Fund 201	8/31/2020
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated					
Land	S	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Water Treatment Plant		-	-	12,365,535	12,365.535
Furniture and Equipment		-	9,681	-	9.681
Software		-	-	-	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation		-	(135,259)	-	(135.259)
-	\$	- \$	(125,578) \$	12,365,535 \$	12,239,957

#### 6. Accrued Compensated Absences

The following is a summary of accrued compensated absences transactions for the year ended August 31, 2020.

		Balance 9/1/2019		Additions		Deletions		Balance 8/31/2020
Governmental Activities: Compensated Absences	<u> </u>	30.237	· -	1.043	 s	_	. – s	31,280
Total	\$ <u></u>	30,237	\$_	1,043	\$ =	_	\$_	31,280

Accrued compensated absence will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 7. Conduit Debt - Lake Texana Pipeline Project

In 1997, the Authority entered into an agreement with the City of Corpus Christi whereby the Authority, as conduit issuer, would issue revenue bonds on behalf of the City of Corpus Christi a part of the financing for construction of a water transmission line referred to as the "Water Supply Facilities Project" or the City of Corpus Christi "Lake Texana Pipeline Project." Thus, in 1997, the Authority issued revenue bonds (conduit debt) in the amount of \$118,195,000 for this purpose. The ultimate operation and maintenance of the Lake Texana Pipeline Project is the responsibility of the City of Corpus Christi. According to the Water Transmission Facilities contract dated November 12, 1996, upon completion of the Lake Texana Pipeline Project, the Authority was to transfer deed of ownership to the City of Corpus Christi. The Authority approved the transfer at its December 1999 meeting.

In May 2005, the Authority issued (as conduit debt on behalf of City of Corpus Christi) \$94,575,000 of Water Supply Revenue Refunding Bonds (City of Corpus Christi, Lake Texans Pipeline Project), Series 2005, to be used to refund \$92,205,000 of the outstanding Series 1997 bonds, which would have matured in 2010 through 2027. The Series 2005 mature serially through March 1, 2027, and bear interest rates from 3.00 percent to 5.25 percent. Annual principal payments range from \$100,000 to \$7,545,000 per year with interest due semiannually on January 15 and July 15. The refunding was undertaken to provide gross savings to the City of Corpus Christi in future debt service payments in the amount of \$5.263.801 and a present value savings of \$3,352,249, which results in a net present value benefit of 3.63 percent.

The City of Corpus Christi has pledged revenues from its combined waterworks system, wastewater disposal system and gas system for payments of these bonds.

In September 2015, the Authority issued (as conduit debt on behalf of City of Corpus Christi) \$62,785,000 of Water Supply Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds (City of Corpus Christi, Lake Texana Pipeline Project), Series 2015, to be used to refund \$70,245,000 of the outstanding Series 2005 bonds, which would have matured in 2016 through 2027. The Series 2015 mature scrially through March 1, 2027, and bear interest rates from 3 percent to 5 percent. Annual principal payments range from \$4,545,000 to \$6,520,000 per year with interest due semiannually on January 15 and July 15. The refunding was undertaken to provide gross savings to the City of Corpus Christi in future debt service payments in the amount of \$11,231,907 and a present value savings of \$9,597,354, which results in a net present value benefit of 13.67 percent. The City of Corpus Christi has pledged revenues from its combined waterworks system, wastewater disposal system and gas system for payment of these bonds.

Accordingly, the Authority is under no obligation to pay this debt and, therefore, it is not reflected in the financial statements. The outstanding conduit debt balance is \$45,155,000.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 8. Operating Leases

The Authority has commitments under operating lease agreements as of August 31, 2020 that expire through 2027. These commitments consist of leases for office space at the general office and the Coastal Bend Division locations. The Authority also has a copier lease with the option to purchase the equipment at the expiration of the lease term for its fair market value

The lease agreements provide for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2020, as follows:

Years Ending August 31							
2021	35,159						
2022	27,455						
2023	27,455						
2024	27,455						
2025-2027	69,785						
	187,309						

Rental expenditures in 2020 totaled \$56.827 and are included in the General Fund.

#### 9. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority purchased commercial insurance to cover risks associated with potential claims in 2020. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage during the previous three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
August 31, 2020

#### 10. Pension Plans

#### Defined contribution plan

The Authority offers employees the option to participate in a defined contribution plan, governed by section 401 (A) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) through International City Management Association (ICMA) Retirement Corporation. The administrator of the plan is ICMA Employer Services.

Participant contributions are 100 percent nonforfeitable. Employer contributions are made on a pretax basis and are exempt from Social Security taxes. Employer contributions may be subject to a vesting schedule. Maximum aggregate contributions are the lesser of 25 percent of participants' gross compensation or \$30,000 per year. Mandatory contributions may or may not be required by the employer. The employer may elect a "pick up" provision, whereby mandatory contributions are made on a pretax basis. Participants may make voluntary contributions up to 10 percent of compensation, which are made on an after-tax basis. All earnings accrue on a tax-deferred basis.

With this plan, participants may also contribute to a section 457 plan.

Under this plan, each employee of the Authority determines his or her rate of contribution. The Authority makes a matching contribution of up to 7 percent of the employee's gross wages. For the year ended August 31, 2020, nine employees of the Authority participated in the defined contribution plan. Contribution percentages were 7 percent. Employee and employer contributions totaled \$32,775 each. A fund fee of \$1,000 was also paid to ICMA by the Authority.

#### Deferred compensation plan

The employer also has chosen to enroll in a nonqualified supplemental retirement plan governed by section 457(b) of the IRC. Participation is voluntary, with the employee determining the contribution amount. The maximum amount that may be contributed is the lesser of 33.33 percent of a participant's taxable income, or \$7,500. Contributions are made on a pretax basis, and all earnings accrue on a tax-deferred basis. Participants may contribute to a deferred contribution plan in addition to a defined contribution plan and/or defined benefit plan, At this time, there are no participants in this plan.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
August 31, 2020

#### 11. Major Revenue Source

For the year ended August 31, 2020, approximately 76 percent of the Authority's revenue is related to two contracts associated with the Leakey Capital Project.

#### 12. Contingencies

Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Authority, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Authority's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgement. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Authority or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Authority's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims, as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein.

The Authority receives significant financial assistance from state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent the Authority has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required. Management believes there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with grant rules and regulations.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
August 31, 2020

#### 13. Leakey Capital Project

During fiscal year 2010, the Authority was awarded a grant from the Texas Water Development Board (the TWDB) for approximately \$2,200,000. The purpose of the grant was for land acquisition related to a wastewater treatment plant to serve the City of Leakey. During fiscal year 2010, the Authority acquired the land for \$2,304,622.

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2012, the TWDB approved a resolution of a request from the Authority for \$11,043,460 in financial assistance, consisting of \$9,961,460 of Loan Forgiveness Funds from the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and a \$1,082,000 grant from the Economically Distressed Areas Program to finance planning, acquisition, design and construction costs for the wastewater treatment plant. Later in June 2016, the TWDB approved an additional \$16,547,000 of loan forgiveness funds from the Clean Water State Revolving Fund.

The loan forgiveness funds were deposited in an approved escrow accounts to be released to the Authority's Construction Fund at the direction of the Executive Administrator of the TWDB or an authorized and designated representative. In accordance with the Loan Forgiveness Agreements, the funds deposited in the escrow accounts under the contracts shall not be considered as a banking deposit by the Authority.

Since the Leakey Capital Project's inception, the Authority has drawn \$23,100,725 (\$8,649,866 in the current year) for planning, acquisition, design, and construction costs for the wastewater treatment plant. Funds in escrow as of August 31, 2020 were \$3,407,735. These funds in escrow have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Effective October 1, 2019, the treatment plan was placed in service and \$12,365,535 recorded as construction-in-progress was transferred from the Capital Projects Fund to the Utility fund (the Proprietary Fund). Effluent irrigation ponds and irrigation fields are still in process. The Authority estimates the total project to cost approximately \$32,500,000 once all construction is complete.

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 14. Construction Commitments

As of August 31, 2020, the Authority had commitments under the terms of an agreement for the construction of the Leakey Capital project:

Project Name	Contract Amount	Paid to Date	Commitment Balance Remaining
Leakey Wastewater Facility	\$ 24,648,824 S	21,630,898 \$	3,017,926

<sup>\*</sup>The remaining balance includes the retainage amount payable at August 31, 2020. This amount is expected to be paid by the funding outlined in the footnote above.

#### 15. TWDB Compliance

The Authority is compliant with applicable requirements of Section 16.356 of the Texas Water Development Board Code relating to transfers of funds associated with EDAP funded projects. For fiscal year 2020, the facility is still under construction and no revenues have been earned to date.

#### 16. Line of Credit

The Authority has a line of credit with a bank providing for borrowings up to \$250,000. In January 2019 the Authority borrowed \$168,000 against the line of credit. The line bears an interest rate of 3.1% and matures in December 2024. The terms call for semiannual interest only payments with the outstanding principal due at maturity. The line of credit is collateralized by a \$250,000 certificate of deposit.

#### 17. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activities for the year ended August 31, 2020 includes the following:

	Balance 9/1/2019		Additions		Deletions	Balance 8/31/2020		Amount Due Within One Year
_					_			
\$	-	\$	418.000	\$	(542) \$	417.458	\$	13,112
	-		260.000			260,000		
\$_	-	\$_	678,000	\$	(542) \$	677,458	S	13,112
	\$ \$_	9/1/2019	9/1/2019 \$ - \$	9/1/2019 Additions \$ - \$ 418.000 - 260.000	9/1/2019 Additions \$ - \$ 418.000 \$ - 260.000	9/1/2019         Additions         Deletions           \$ - \$ 418.000 \$ (542) \$ - 260,000	9/1/2019         Additions         Deletions         8/31/2020           \$ - \$ 418.000 \$ (542) \$ 417.458           - 260.000         - 260.000	9/1/2019         Additions         Deletions         8/31/2020           \$ - \$ 418.000 \$ (542) \$ 417.458 \$ - 260.000         - 260.000         - 260.000

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) August 31, 2020

#### 17. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

#### **Description of Debt and Maturity Schedules**

Effective July 31, 2020, the Authority issued the General Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2020 in the amount of \$418,000. The first interest payment is due and payable beginning August 15, 2020. Principal amounts on this bond is due and payable monthly beginning September 15, 2020. The certificate bears a coupon rate ranging from 1.540% to 3.430%. This bond will be paid in full on August 15, 2044.

General Revenue Bonds, Series 2020

August 31,		Principal	Interest	Total
2021	- \$ -	13,112 \$	11.356 \$	24,468
2022		13,320	11.151	24,471
2023		13,538	10,932	24,470
2024		13,769	10,701	24,470
2025		14,021	10,449	24,470
2026-2044		349,698	115,216	464,914
	\$	417,458 \$	169,805 \$	587,263

Effective December 26, 2019, the Authority obtained a loan from the Untied States Department of Agriculture to help finance Phase 1 of the Leakey Capital Project. The loan is scheduled for repayment over a period of 40 years. Payments due the first 2 years consist of interest-only payments. The remaining 38 payments are equal to the the sum of annual principal installments and semi-annual interest payments totaling \$9,425 per year at an interest rate of 1.75%.

USDA Phase 1 Note Payable

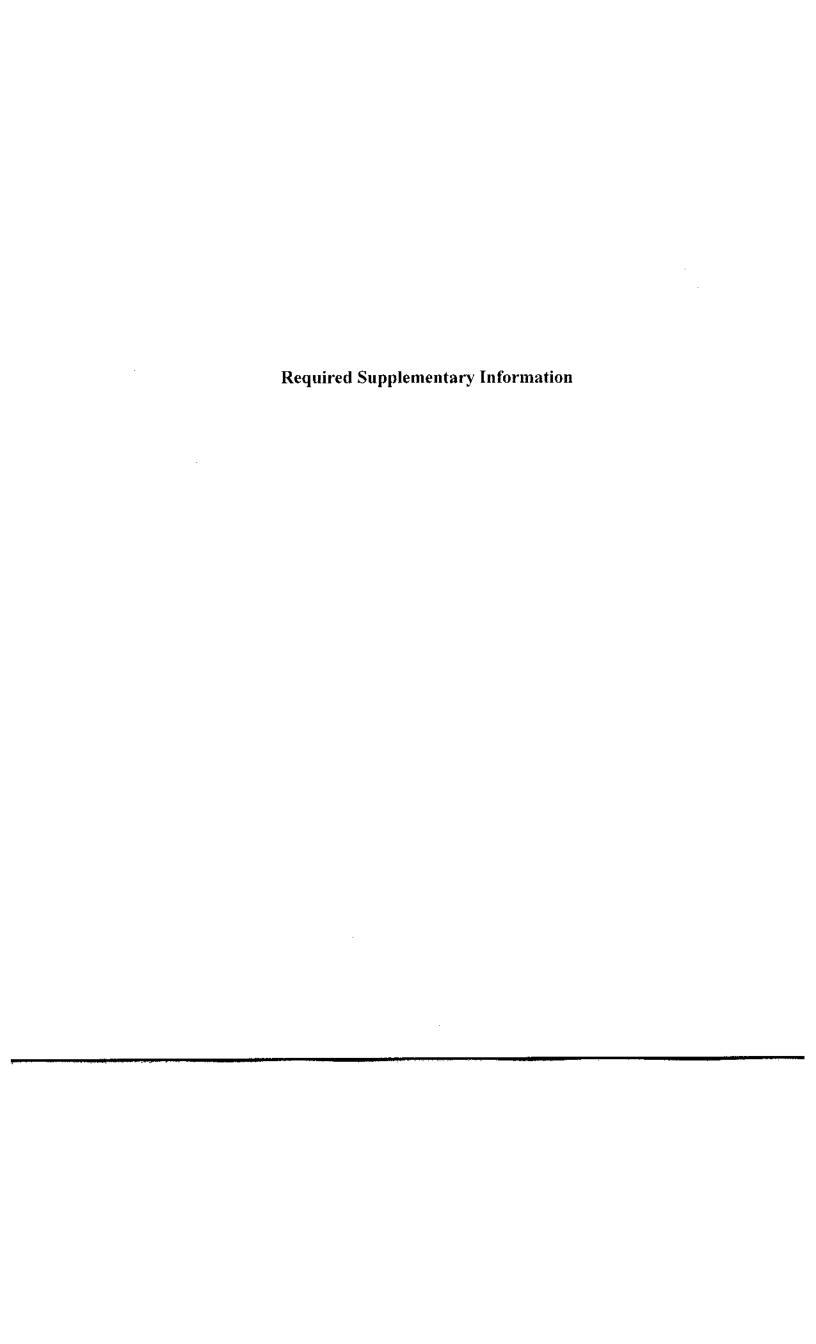
Year Ended						
August 31,		Principal		Interest	_	Total
2021	- <sub>\$</sub> -	- :	\$ <sup>—</sup>	4,550	\$	4,550
2022		4,896		4,529		9,425
2023		4,982		4,443		9,425
2024		5,070		4,355		9,425
2025		5,159		4,266		9,425
2026-2059		239.893		82.420	_	322,313
	\$	260,000	\$	104,563	\$	364,563
	_				=	

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
August 31, 2020

#### 18. Subsequent Events

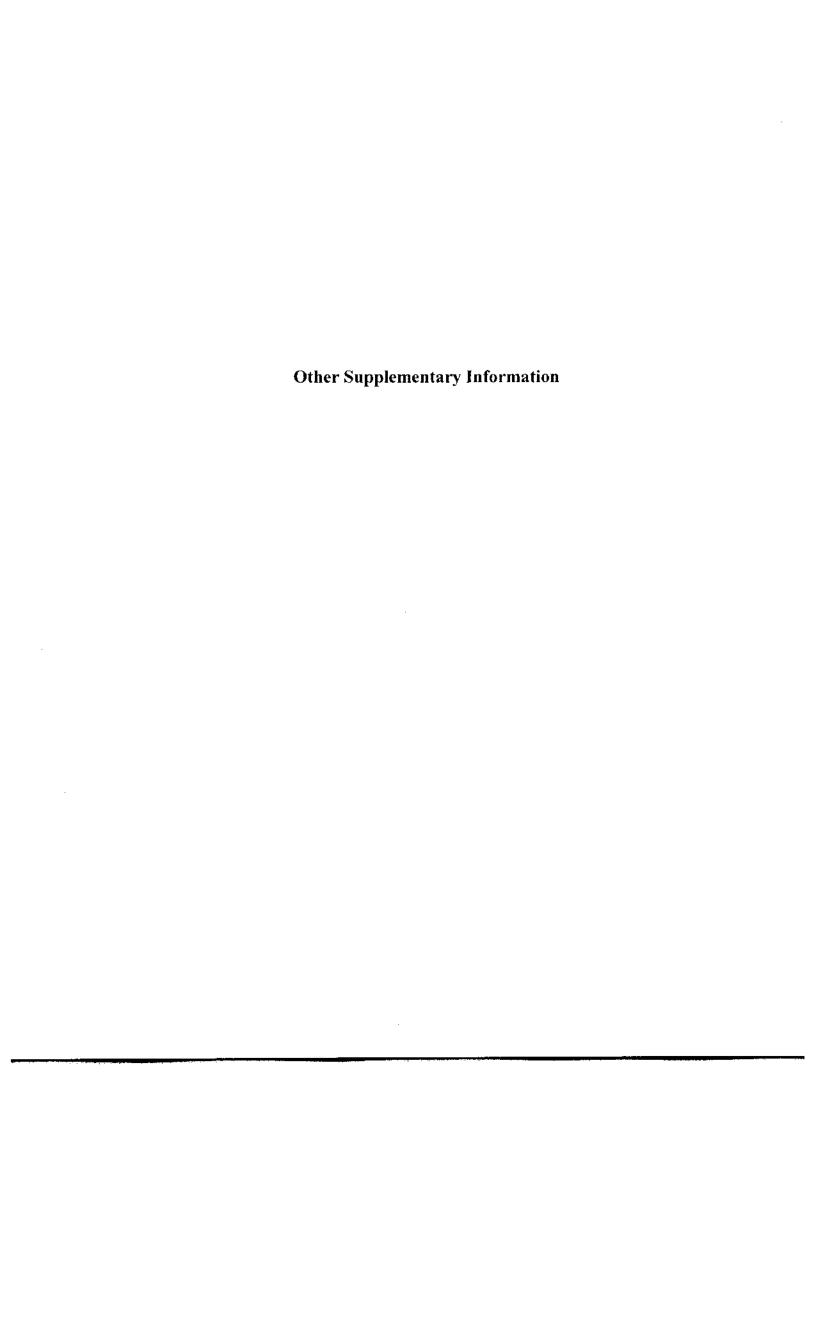
Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 9, 2020, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 10, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, and quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries, including the geographical area in which the Authority operates. While it is unknown how long these conditions will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the Authority, to date, the Authority is currently evaluating the effect they expect to experience. Additionally, it is reasonably possible that estimates made in the financial statements have been, or will be, materially and adversely impacted in the near term as a result of these conditions.



#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (GAAP) and Actual **General Fund** August 31, 2020

		Budgeted An	nounts		Variance with
		Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES					
Contracted Services:					
Intergovernmental	\$	798,494 \$	836.591 \$	826,139 \$	(10.452)
Public Education Programs		398,208	335,956	207,316	(128,640)
Grant Revenues		80.877	82.023	188.085	106,062
Investment Income		16.000	25.040	31,925	6.885
Other Income		34,500	5,300	5.734	434
Total Revenues		1,328,079	1,284,910	1,259,199	(25,711)
EXPENDITURES					
Protection and preservation of water sources:					
Salaries		498,709	466.875	467,596	(721)
Payroll taxes		38,084	35,900	35.967	(67)
Employee medical insurance		68.049	61,353	60,817	536
Retirement		35.910	32.775	32,775	5.10
Directors' fees, travel and meetings		15,300	7.400	3.237	4.163
Travel and conferences		13,500	12.350	12,496	(146)
Professional fees		38.000	48,000	44,954	3,046
SCRWSPG contributions		500	500	136	364
Edwards Aquifer RIP		1,000	1,000	1.000	204
Telephone and fax		10.846	11.050	10.923	127
Dues, subscriptions and publications		1,000	1,100	1,385	(285)
Insurance and bonds		12,000	1,816	1.816	(202)
		44,062	46.642	45,452	1,190
Equipment and Facilities Rent Office supplies and postage and delivery		6,800	5.081	4.506	575
			5,081 750	4.506 546	204
Repairs and maintenance		750 1.700	1.020	1.036	(16)
Binding and printing		1,700	150	665	(515)
Miscellaneous		·			, ,
Clean Rivers Program expenses		68,382	66,069	62,745 119,669	3.324
Public education programs		132.568	118,332		(1.337)
Senate Bill 1 expenses		128.000	205.200	198,842	6,358
Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board	ı	5,058	4,762	4.763	(1)
TCEQ OSSF		92.278	88,360	72,416	15.944
Petronilla Creek		39.147	23,670	24,181	(511)
General & Administrative Expenses		13.500	14.827	14,954	(127)
Special Study		20,242	-	250	(250)
Regulatory Expenses, Net		4.500	-	250	(250)
Capital Outlay	_	4,500	10.812	318,143	(307,331)
Total Expenditures		1.291.385	1,265,794	1.541.270	(275,476)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		36,694	19.116	(282.071)	(301,187)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bond Proceeds		_	_	418,000	418.000
Bond Issunce Costs		_	-	(18,000)	(18,000)
Debt Service - Principal		_	-	(542)	(542)
Debt Service - Interest		_	_	(477)	(477)
Transfers In		_	112,000	200,481	88.481
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_		112,000	599,462	487,462
	_				
Net Changes in Fund Balances		36,694	131,116	317,391	186,275
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		1,168,492	1.168.492	1,168,492	-
Fund Balances - End of Year	-	1,205,186	1.299.608	1.485.883	186,275



#### Nueces River Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (GAAP) and Actual Proprietary Fund August 31, 2020

		Budgete	d An	nounts		Variance with
		Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	21,026 \$		
Other Income		-	_		242	242
Total Revenues	_	<del>-</del>	_	21,026	21,480	454
EXPENDITURES						
Protection and preservation of water sources:						
Salaries		137.806		48,526	47,943	583
Payroll taxes		11.190		4,135	4,095	40
Employee medical insurance		28.837		12,544	12.544	-
Retirement		9.646		-	-	-
Travel and conferences		2.060		2,800	3,690	(890)
Professional fees		16.504		8.000	2,429	5,571
Telephone and fax		7.791		2,631	2,456	175
Dues, subscriptions and publications		318		224	224	-
Insurance and bonds		4.429		2.082	2,245	(163)
Equipment and facilities rent		15,794		20.898	12,403	8,495
Office supplies and postage and delivery		1,531		810	825	(15)
Repairs and maintenance		86,752		20.586	20,868	(282)
Binding and printing		1,030		25	24	1
Miscellaneous		2.900		5.222	5.222	-
General and administrative expense		67,544		3.695	3,973	(278)
Interest Expense		10,681		<u>-</u>		
Total Expenditures		404,813	_	132.178	118,941	13,237
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(404.813)		(111,152)	(97.461)	13,691
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		560	-	(560)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		-	_	560		(560)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(404,813)		(110,592)	(97.461)	13,131
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		(7,487)		(7.487)	(7,487)	-
Fund Balances - End of Year	s_	(412,300)	<u>\$</u>	(118,079)	(104,948)	13,131
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS  Depreciation Expense  Noncash Transfers In  Fund Balances - End of Year per GAAP					(135,259) 12,366,095 12,125,888	(135,259) 12,366,095 12,243,967
r and maiances - End of Tear per COVA				3	12(120,000	

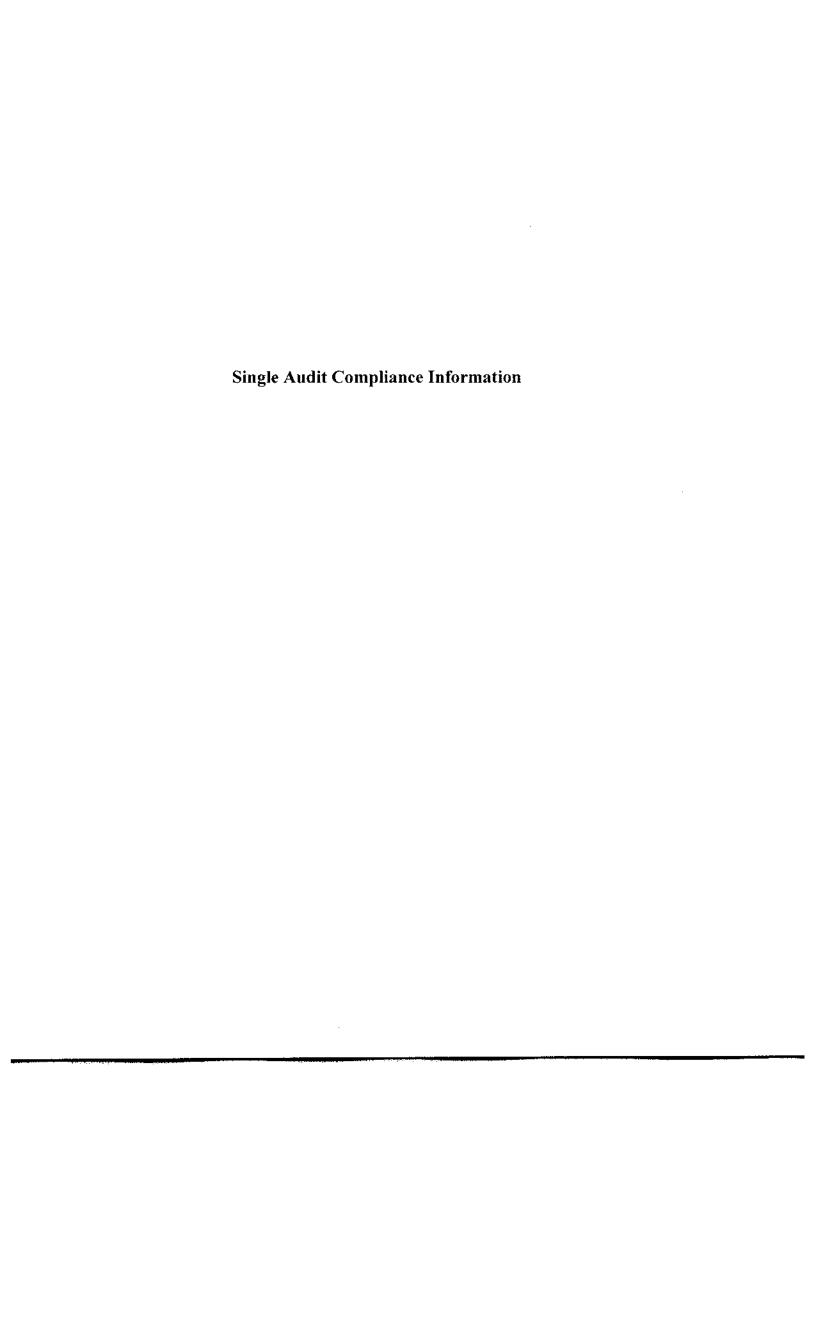
# Nueces River Authority Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures General Fund Five-Years Ended August 31, 2020

Five-Y	Years	Ended	August	31,	2020
--------	-------	-------	--------	-----	------

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
REVENUES					
Contracted Services:					
Intergovernmental \$	826,139 S	726,697 \$	706.069 \$	733,719 \$	645,564
Public Education Programs	207,316	191.483	160,999	256,291	309.217
Grant Revenues	188,085	205,578	318.088	111,716	130,369
Investment Income	31,925	33,012	2,408	9.793	16.718
Other Income	5,734	60,503	4.971	9,013	19,734
Total Revenues	1,259,199	1,217,273	1.192.535	1.120,532	1,121,602
EXPENDITURES					
Protection and preservation of water sources.					
Salaries	467,596	515,408	498.441	474,146	474.140
Payroll taxes	35,967	38,423	40,745	35,979	36,285
Employee medical insurance	60.817	65,338	62,775	56,423	53,246
Retirement	32,775	35,465	35,849	34,189	33,973
Directors' fees, travel and meetings	3.237	13,197	16,911	8.481	18.843
Travel and conferences	12,496	16,004	16,819	11,338	12,562
Professional fees	44,954	34,762	45,436	90.849	72,942
SCRWSPG contributions	136	105	210	160	430
Edwards Aquifer RIP	1.000	1,000	1,000	1.000	1.000
Telephone and fax	10,923	10.897	10,696	14,375	14,316
Dues, subscriptions and publications	1,385	1.424	1.933	1.765	2.383
Insurance and bonds	1.816	10,126	8.736	7,797	9,564
Equipment and Facilities Rent	45.452	44.140	43.629	49,546	41,248
Office supplies and postage and delivery	4,506	3,990	5,436	3,298	3,066
Repairs and maintenance	546	352	<b>4</b> 79	110	603
Binding and printing	1.036	718	1.146	977	1,294
	665			4.810	1,291
Miscellaneous		3,895	8,119	78.289	61,400
Clean Rivers Program expenses	62.745	67.439	103,659		
Public education programs	119,669	153,623	123,155	189,051	287,869
Senate Bill 1 expenses	198,842	92,859	64.028	2,709	2,988
Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board	4,763	2,703	3.155	8.011	6,122
TCEQ OSSF	72,416	48,774	170.426	1.451	-
San Miguel Creek	-	-	-		353
Petronilla Creek	24.181	7,731	10,214	8,834	6,196
CBBEP	-	-	-	3,493	9,490
SEP	-	<b>"</b>	-	1,998	4,012
General & Administrative Expenses	14,954	11,990	-	-	-
Special Study	-	1.812	-	5,972	-
Oso Creek	-	-	-	-	12,311
Sunset Review	-	4.436	44.424	-	-
Regulatory Expenses, Net	250	-	-	-	-
Bond Issuance Costs	18,000	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	318,143	-	-	-	-
Debt Service					
Principal	542	-	-	-	-
Interest	477	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	1,560.289	1,186,611	1.311,421	1,095,051	1,167,927
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures \$	(301,090) \$	30.662 \$	(118,886) \$	25,481 \$	(46,325)

# Nueces River Authority Insurance Coverage Unaudited August 31, 2020

			Insurer		
	ı	Amount of		Type of Corporation	Policy Clause-
Type of Coverage		Coverage	Name	Stock/Mutual	Co-Insurance
Workers' compensation	Ĭ	Guaranteed cost	Texas Water Conservation Association	Risk Management Fund	No
Automobile Liability	∽	10,000,000	Texas Water Conservation Association	Risk Management Fund	N <sub>o</sub>
Short-term rental vehicle	∽	35,000	Texas Water Conservation Association	Risk Management Fund	No No
Auto physical damage		Actual value	Texas Water Conservation Association	Risk Management Fund	N <sub>o</sub>
General liability	∽	20,000,000	Texas Water Conservation Association	Risk Management Fund	No
Errors and ominissions	<b>∽</b> ÷	10,000,000	Texas Water Conservation Association	Risk Management Fund	°Ž
Legal defense for breach of contract endorsement	<b>∽</b>	50,000	Texas Water Conservation Association	Risk Management Fund	No
Punitive damages coverage endorsement	<b>∽</b>	100,000	Texas Water Conservation Association	Risk Management Fund	No
Property coverage	<b>∽</b> ÷	5,246,659	Texas Water Conservation Association	Risk Management Fund	No
Cyber liability	<del>∽</del>	1,000,000	Texas Water Conservation Association	Risk Management Fund	No
Public official bond board members	<del>6€</del>	100,000	Old Republic Surety Company	Stock	No
Commercial crime policy	49	25,000	Old Republic Surety Company	Stock	<sub>C</sub> N



# Nueces River Authority Single Audit Compliance Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards August 31, 2020

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Entity Identification Number	Federal Expenditures
Environmental Protection Agency:			
Pass through:			
Water Quality Management Planning	66.454	EPA/TCEQ #1907	23,721
Texas Water Development Board Capitalization			
Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	G11033	4.003.045
Water Protection Plan - On Site Sewage Facilities			
(OSSF)	66,460	582-17-70359	24.432
Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board			
Water Protection Plan - On Site Sewage Facilities			
(OSSF) Conversion	66.460	582-18-80203	5,651
Water Protection Plan - On Site Sewage Facilities			
(OSSF) - 3	66.460	582-20-10174	82.646
Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board			
Water Protection Plan - Plum Creek	66,460	582-18-80212	67.804
			180,533
Total Environmental Protection Agency			4,207.299
Department of the Interior:			
Pass through:			
Texas Parks and Wildlife Department			
Boating Access	15.605	470934	14.071
Landowner Incentive Program - Frio/Sabinal	15.631	431319	11.232
		•	25.303
General Land Office			
Baffin Bay Nutrient	11.419	20-029-000-B736	18,323
Total Department of the Interior			43,626
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass through:			
Texas Department of Agriculture			
USDA Phase I	10.770	N/A	831.251
Total Department of Agriculture			831.251
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5.082.176
•		:	

#### Single Audit Compliance Information Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards August 31, 2020

#### Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) includes the federal and grant activity of the Authority under the programs of the federal government the year ended August 31, 2020. The information in this SEFA is presented in accordance with the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance*. Because the SEFA presents only a select portion of the operations of the Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Authority.

#### Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments or cost principles contained in Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as reimbursements.

The Authority did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

#### Nueces River Authority Single Audit Compliance Information **Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs** August 31, 2020

#### SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements:	
Type of Auditors' Report Issued on Financial	Unmodified
Statements	
Internal Control over Financial Reporting:	·
Material Weaknesses	None
Significant Deficiencies Identified that are not	No
Considered to be Material Weaknesses	
Noncompliance Material to Financial Statements	None
Federal Awards:	
Internal Control over Major Programs:	
Material Weaknesses	None
Significant Deficiencies Identified that are not	None
Considered to be Material Weaknesses	
Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance	Unmodified
for Major Programs	
Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards	None
as Defined by the Uniform Guidance:	
Identification of Major Programs:	Capitalization Grants for Clean Water
	State Revolving Funds, CFDA No.
	66.458
	Water and Waste Disposal Loans and
	Grants, CFDA No. 10.770
Dollar Threshold Considered Between Type A and	\$750,000
Type B Federal Programs	
Low Risk Auditee Statements	Yes

#### Single Audit Compliance Information Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs August 31, 2020

#### SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no financial statement findings.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no Federal Award findings.

Nueces River Authority
Single Audit Compliance Information
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings August 31, 2020

No prior audit findings.



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210-979-0055



210-979-0058



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Nueces River Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the Nueces River Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2020.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.





## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS. BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Antonio, Texas December 9, 2020

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors Nueces River Authority

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Nueces River Authority (the Authority) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE (CONTINUED)

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Authority, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE (CONTINUED)

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Antonio, Texas

Hayrie & Company

December 9, 2020